

Key

Find each limits if it exists. Show work if possible.

1.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{n^3} \right)$   $\boxed{0}$

8.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1+5n}{2-3n} \right)$   $\frac{5n}{-3n}$   $\boxed{-\frac{5}{3}}$

2.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2n-n^2}{3n+5} \right)$   $-\frac{n}{3}$   $\boxed{-\infty}$

9.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3n^4-7n^2+2}{2n^4+1} \right)$   $\frac{3n^4}{2n^4}$   $\boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$

3.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n^2+5}{n^3} \right)$

10.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n^2}{n+1} \right)$   $\frac{n^2}{n} = n$   $\boxed{\infty}$

4.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{\sqrt{10n}+1}{\sqrt{2n}-4} \right)$   $\frac{\sqrt{10n}}{\sqrt{2n}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{2}}$   $\boxed{\sqrt{5}}$

11.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{\sqrt{n^2}+4}{n+4} \right)$   $\frac{n}{n} = 1$   $\boxed{1}$

5.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^{n+1} \left( \frac{1}{2n} \right)$   $\boxed{0}$

12.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{(n+2)!}$   $\frac{n!}{n!(n+1)(n+2)}$   $\frac{1}{n^2}$   $\boxed{0}$

6.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^{n+1} \left( \frac{3}{n^2+1} \right)$   $\boxed{0}$

13.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3n+4}{\sqrt{2n^2}-5} \right)$   $\frac{3n}{\sqrt{2n}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$  or  $\boxed{\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}}$

7.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^n \left( \frac{3^n}{n^2} \right)$  *Faster*  
*DNE*

14.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2}{n^2} - 4n \right)$   
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2-4n^3}{n^2}$   $-4n$   $\boxed{-\infty}$

Without Graphing Evaluate Given:

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-2 & , x \leq -1 \\ |x|-6 & , -1 < x \leq 1 \\ 2x^2+3 & , x > 1 \end{cases}$$

15.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} g(x)$   
 $2(1)^2+3 = 5$

16.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} g(x)$   
 $|-1|-6 = -5$

17.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} g(x)$   
*DNE*

18.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} g(x)$   
 $2(5)^2+3 = 53$

19.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} g(x)$   
 $|-1|-6 = -5$

20.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} g(x)$   
 $3(-1)-2 = -5$

21.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} g(x)$   
 $\boxed{-5}$

22.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x)$   
 $|0|-6 = -6$