

General Derivative $f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$	$f'(a) = \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f}{a}$	Derivative at a Point $x = a$ $f(x) - f(a) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$
9. If $f'(a) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{9+h}-3}{h}$ , what is $f(x)$ ? and what is $a$ ?		10. If $f'(a) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(-1+h)^2 - 1}{h}$ , what is $f(x)$ ? and what is <i>a</i> ?
11. Calculate $\frac{dy}{dt}$ , if $y = \sqrt{t} \cot t$		12. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = 2 + 3 \cos x$ at $(\pi, -1)$

## Calculator is Permitted for the problem below.

13. A particle moves along a horizontal line so that its position at any time $t \ge 0$ is given by the function		
$s(t) = -t^3 + 8t^2 - 10t + 7$ where s is measured in meters and t is measured in seconds.		
a. Find the particle's instantaneous velocity at any	b. Find the particle's acceleration at any time t.	
time t.		
c. When is the particle at rest? Justify your answer.	d. Find the displacement of the particle from	
	$t = 0 \sec to t = 5 \sec t$ . Show set up.	
e. Find the total distance the particle traveled from	f. What is the particle's speed at 7 seconds?	
t = 0 sec to $t = 5$ sec. Show set up.		
	g. When is the particle's speed decreasing?	
	Justify your answer.	