## **AP CALCULUS AB - AP REVIEW 5**

Work the following on notebook paper, showing all work. Use your calculator only on problem 62. 54. The graph of a differentiable function f on the closed

interval [-3, 15] is shown on the right. The graph of f has a horizontal tangent line at x = 6. Let

$$g(x) = 5 + \int_{6}^{x} f(t) dt$$
 for  $-3 \le x \le 15$ .

- (a) Find g(6), g'(6), and g''(6).
- (b) On what intervals is *g* decreasing? Justify your answer.
- (c) On what intervals is the graph of g concave down? Justify your answer.



(d) Find a trapezoidal approximation of  $\int_{-3}^{15} f(t) dt$  using six subintervals of length  $\Delta t = 3$ .



57. Let f be the function defined by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 \text{ for } x \le 0 \\ x \text{ for } x > 0 \end{cases}$ . Which of the following statements

(B) f is discontinuous at x = 0.

(E) f'(x) > 0 for  $x \neq 0$ .

about *f* is true? (A) *f* is an odd function.

58.

(D) f'(0) = 0



The graph of f', the derivative of f, is shown in the figure above. Which of the following

describes all relative extrema of f on the open interval (a, b)?

(A) One relative maximum and two relative minima

(B) Two relative maxima and one relative minimum

(D) one relative maximum and three relative minima

(C) f has a relative maximum.

(E) Three relative maxima and two relative minima

(C) Three relative maxima and one relative minimum

59. (Calc) A water tank at Camp Newton holds 1200 gallons of water at time t = 0. During the time interval  $0 \le t \le 18$  hours, water is pumped into the tank at the rate

$$W(t) = 95\sqrt{t}\sin^2\left(\frac{t}{6}\right)$$
 gallons per hour. During

the same time interval, water is removed from the tank at the rate

$$R(t) = 275 \sin^2\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)$$
 gallons per hour.

- (a) Is the amount of water in the tank increasing at time t = 15? Why or why not?
- (b) To the nearest whole number, how many gallons of water are in the tank at time t = 18?
- (c) At what time *t*, for  $0 \le t \le 18$ , is the amount of water in the tank at an absolute minimum? Show the work that leads to your conclusion.
- (d) For t > 18, no water is pumped into the tank, but water continues to be removed at the rate R(t) until the tank becomes empty. Let k be the time at which the tank becomes empty. Write, but do not solve, an equation involving an integral expression that can be used to find the value of k.
- 60. The rate of change of the volume, V, of water in a tank with respect to time, t, is directly proportional to the square root of the volume. Which of the following is a differential equation that describes this relationship?
- (A)  $V(t) = k\sqrt{t}$  (B)  $V(t) = k\sqrt{V}$  (C)  $\frac{dV}{dt} = k\sqrt{t}$ (D)  $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{k}{\sqrt{V}}$  (E)  $\frac{dV}{dt} = k\sqrt{V}$
- 61. Let f be the function defined by  $f(x) = x^3 + x$ . If  $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$  and g(2) = 1, what is the value of g'(2)?
- (A)  $\frac{1}{13}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (C)  $\frac{7}{4}$  (D) 4 (E) 13
- 62. (Calc) A particle moves along the *x*-axis so that at any time  $t \ge 0$ , its velocity is given by  $v(t) = 3 + 4.1\cos(0.9t)$ . What is the acceleration of the particle at time t = 4?
- (A) -2.016 (B) -0.677 (C) 1.633 (D) 1.814 (E) 2.978

63. If	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2y$	$^{2}$ and if	y = -1 when $x = 1$ ,	then when	x = 2, y =
(A) –	$\frac{2}{3}$	(B) $-\frac{1}{3}$	(C) 0	(D) $\frac{1}{3}$	(E) $\frac{2}{3}$

64. The top of a 25-foot ladder is sliding down a vertical wall at a constant rate of 3 feet per minute. When the top of the ladder is 7 feet from the ground, what is the rate of change of the distance between the bottom of the ladder and the wall?

(A)  $-\frac{7}{8}$  feet per minute(B)  $-\frac{7}{24}$  feet per minute(C)  $\frac{7}{24}$  feet per minute(D)  $\frac{7}{8}$  feet per minute(E)  $\frac{21}{25}$  feet per minute